

report

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Psychosocial Development in Adolescents

The discussion focuses on how the development cycles from childhood to adulthood and how the same transformation changes the social and physical nature of the adolescents. The life cycles become a tough time for both the boy, child, and family members around the same persons. The transformation might be even more robust for the kids who are transformation to adulthood if it is not carefully taken care of. Rites of passage ceremonies live in all of the earth's native civilizations. They represent an essential mark of change, transformation, and the difference in the lives of members of these civilizations. This shift from childhood to adulthood, from maturity into eldership, the transition into adulthood, the approval of a new activity in the group, The deliberate and formal leaving behind of modes of thought and working that no longer help us these crucial moments of change and shift will be stimulated and observed through rites of passage ceremonies.

Frequently, throughout the female's life, the shift from childhood to young life and so the change into young adulthood, Will have a substantial effect not only on the physical aspect but on the psychological aspect , too; and that tends to negatively affect specific friendships within these ' ' peak periods of a woman's life ' '. Whether it be the fields of interest that change and

alter, the marks of adulthood, the love stories, the works, the conflicts, the performance, the marriages, and births, etc.

Adolescence is characterized by enormous increase and change. It is this passage between childhood and adulthood within which there are significant transformations in the young's body and mind. These changes allow the young to develop the skills and capacities for growing into a skilled and leading person in the world. Each stage of growth entails specific risks; vulnerable youth may wander onto other and less fortunate ways by the many challenges they face. Although adolescent growth usually happens in a normal and expected way, nevertheless, various youth have their own strengths, difficulties, histories, and conflicts.

The first stage of the adolescent stage is the search for identity; as seen in John's case, he dyes his hair to become attractive as a teen. Some teens will experiment with different designs of items of clothing, trying to find the outfit or look that associates with people of his age or class. The adolescents tend to identify with their peers and distance themselves from their other family members more so the parents. The search for identity sets the adolescent to goals that they came up with, which they commit to achieving strongly. In the process, the adolescent's undergo the act of fidelity with set values and ideologies. It's the stage where the adolescent must achieve loyalty and faith, which allows for the adolescents to earn self intimacy. The search for recognition takes place to a good deal during the teenage years. These teenagers want to combine their existing identity and personality with their current sexual capabilities and interpersonal relationships. It is not unusual that teenagers can identify themselves into additional different and broad choices than they did earlier along, suggesting that they are trying to get together all of their numerous ideas of their identity into one correct identification. Also, self-esteem acting a huge part within personality formation into the adolescent years. There is a noticeable decrease in self-esteem in

the onset of the adolescence, particularly amongst girls. This replicates the difficulties that teenagers have adapting to life and cultural changes. Well, it has been established that families that inspire their teenagers to communicate their personal views will improve their children's identity formation. In addition, positive friendships may also play an important part in enhancing one's identity formation in the period.

Both male and females relations have as well transformed the workplaces when work was a place of notable tyranny and dominance by men. Early in the world, the woman's job was to be careful of the kids as men could be the breadwinners of the household. The feminine sexually had the position of how much power women they had within the house. Useful to that, women were hardly ever seen at the corporate level. Now the relations between males and females at the workplace have totally changed. There are numerous business corporations present that prohibit sex-based hiring system

During this phase, teenagers are moving toward shaping a sexual orientation and personality. They grow increasingly concerned with whether they are beautiful and put more value on their individual group. Some teenagers at this stage might "fall in love" like never before. Sexual experimentation is common, and more can have sex during mid-adolescence. Statistically talking, most females represent anatomically sex-typical, they gender-identity as females, and they exist sexually-oriented towards males. But there are some options to these combinations of sexuality gender identification and sexual orientation in the human population because human growth is very difficult.

Adolescents start to create their own personality separate from their home. Self-image grows highly important during the adolescent years. This may be a question when the teenager's show is changed by sickness or drug. Adolescents are also starting to create a true freedom from

their homes. There are the most significant differences between women and men represent gender and sexuality. Gender is the personal, natural difference between men and women. It relates to whether people are born feminine or else human. Sex is not personal like gender.

Parents who have been really interested in their adolescent's like some years may make it difficult to let go of their role as main adult (Gabriela Martorell McGraw-Hill 294-307)

Identity diffused adolescent is an adolescent at a state of fear, and he or she is fear of committing that a crisis might occur afterward. The identify diffused adolescents are usually unsure of themselves and majorly are unhappy in most times. Foreclosure kind of adolescents will always be happy and always committed to whatever the crisis as they want to find solutions to any barrier that comes their way. Foreclosure kind of adolescents can be questioned and can suit into other plans and usually have people they look up to. Moratorium adolescents always struggle with decision making and majorly talkative and energetic in all they do with that ability landing them their identity. Identity achievement adolescents, on the other hand, resolve their crisis by having beliefs that they strongly work for, and parents give them opportunities to decide for themselves, making them the most competent persons socially compared to the other identities of adolescents (Gabriela Martorell McGraw-Hill 294-307)

The women in the gender difference identity and intimacy develop as a piece, and they tend to be closure to men. The caring nature of the female towards other people strongly develops. As much as the females take care of others, they don't forget to also care for themselves. Ethnicity is another very hard factor the adolescents struggle to catch up within society. The adolescents from the majority ethnic group tend to find a comfortable ride compared to adolescents from the minority ethnic grounds. The achieved adolescent in ethnicity is the ones who find out about their background and identify with it and go ahead to accept it. The diffused

ethnic adolescents have no concern about their ethnic background and do not want to know of any issues associated with ethnic backgrounds. The foreclosed ethnic identity adolescents will not want to know about their ethnical history but have a feeling of where they belong in the society concerning the positivity or negativity associated with their ethnic ground. The moratorium ethnic adolescents research their historical ethnical backgrounds, but in between, they are caught up in confusion not getting the result of their search.

Works Cited

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